

Lecture "6"

Inter-Device Communication

<lecturer, date>

Outline

- iOS Connectivity
 - **Networking Overview**
 - Multipeer Connectivity



Networking Overview

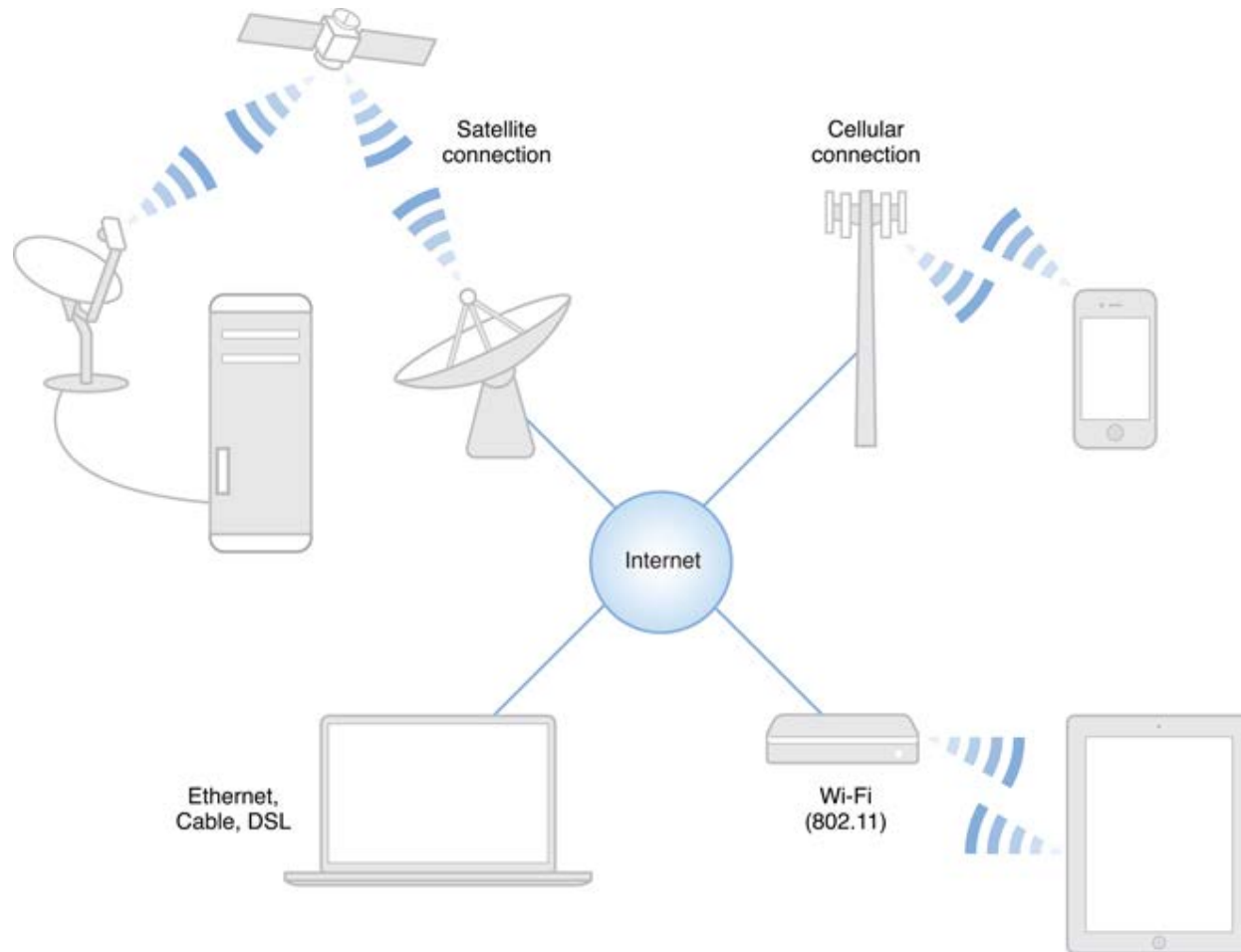
- Complex world of networking
- Wild range of technologies e.g., cable model, DSL, Wi-Fi, satellite uplinks
- Each technology with distinct characteristics including differences in
 - Bandwidth
 - Latency
 - Packet loss
 - Reliability



Networking Overview

☹ Further complexity in the way from user to an Internet server!

😊 The code must adapt to changing network condition including performance, availability and reliability



Networking Overview

- Transfer only as much as data is required
- Avoid timeouts whenever possible
- Allow user to cancel transactions taking too long through appropriate user interface
- Handle failures gracefully
- Degrade gracefully when network performance is low
- Choose appropriate APIs for the task
- Design to reduce security risks



Networking Tasks

- HTTP/HTTPS requests e.g., POST/GET
- Establishing connections to remote host with/without encryption/authentication
- Listening for incoming connections
- Send/receive data with connectionless protocols
- Publish/browse/resolve network services with Bonjour

👉 Security your responsibility



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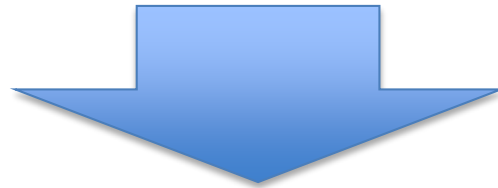
Terminology

- Nearby : Within range of supported wireless technologies
- Peer : Nearby device
- Advertiser : Device discoverable by other nearby devices
- Browser : Device searching for nearby devices



Multipeer Connectivity

- Establishing communication between nearby devices, exchanging data/other resources without much effort
- Using Wi-Fi, Bluetooth



Multipeer Connectivity



Multipeer Connectivity Framework (MPC)

- On nearby iOS devices only
 - Same network infrastructure e.g., Wi-Fi, peer-to-peer Wi-Fi, Bluetooth
 - No long distance
- A device called peer get connected/communicate to many other at the same time
- Through a **Multipeer Connectivity Session**
 - ☞ Manage the whole communication and data exchange between peers



Use Cases

- Interactive tutoring
- Collaborative document/photo editing
- File sharing
- Coordination between multiple devices
- Sensor data aggregation



Features

- Multiple wireless technologies
- Interface selection
- Convenience discovery and invitation UI
- Message-based/stream-based data
- Encryption/authentication



Multipeer Connectivity

- Essentials
 - Discovery phase
 - Session phase
- Advanced
 - Programmatic discovery
 - Security
 - Encryption
 - Authentication



Essentials: Phase 1

- Phase 1 : Discovering Peers
 - At least one device as a browser to search for peers
- Browser Tasks
 - Present nearby peers
 - Send invites
 - Handle invite responses
 - Connect peer to session



Essentials: Phase 1

- The second device discoverable : Advertise itself to nearby peers such that can be invited to a session
- Advertiser Tasks
 - Make device discoverable
 - Present invitations to user
 - Handle user response
 - Connect peer to session



Essentials: Phase 1

- Limited communication/knowledge with/of other peers
- Access to *discoveryInfo* data from nearby peers
- Any context data from other peers when they invite a session
- User chooses which peers to add to the session, then app invites those peers to join
- Apps running on nearby peers can accept/reject the invitation and ask user for permission



Essentials: Phase 2

- Phase 2 : Session Phase

- ✓ If the peer accepts the invitation

- The browser establishes a connection with the advertiser



Session phase begins ✓

- The app can communicate with one or more peers within the session
 - Framework notifies your app through delegate callbacks when peers join/leave session



Data Types Using MPC Framework


- Message-based data e.g., text, image, every thing could be converted to NSData object
- Streaming
- Resources e.g., files



Message Transmission Modes

Reliable

- Makes sure every thing will arrive to receiver
- Application critical data
- Retransmission
- In order delivery
- Takes more time



Application Requirement

Unreliable

- Data sent in no-time
- Time sensative data
- No delivery guarantees
- No order guarantees
- Fast



Programmatic Discovery

- More flexibility
- Finding devices/sending invitations handled programmatically
- Built a custom UI for discovery
- Programmatic browsing/advertising

Browsing Functionality

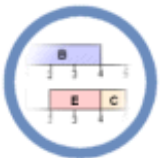
1. A browsing UI built-in directly into the framework : A modal view displays all available/connected devices
2. A totally programmatic way : offers greater flexibility and customized browsing based on the need of the application



References

- iOS Connectivity:
 - <https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/MultiPeerConnectivity/Reference/MultiPeerConnectivityFramework/>
 - <http://www.appcoda.com/intro-multipeer-connectivity-framework-ios-programming/>
- Apple developer forums:
<https://idmsa.apple.com/IDMSWebAuth/login?appldKey=4a75046cda87eab6386a9eae8caabb9824e328b9abc988119b39296495ec184c&path=/login.jspa>





Lab "6"

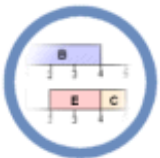
Inter-Device Communication

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Lab "6"

- Your task is to create a Wi-Fi P2P app in Android following these steps:
 - Creating and registering a broadcast receiver for your app
 - Discovering peers
 - Connecting to a peer
 - Transferring data to a peer





Seminar "6"

Inter-Device Communication

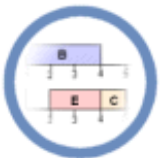
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Seminar "6"

- Compare network service discovery vs. Service discovery using Wi-Fi P2P connection and discuss how they work and in what sense they differ from each other.





Mini-Project "6"

Inter-Device Communication

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Mini-Project "6"

- Based on the lectures "5" and "6" discuss and compare wireless connectivity in Android vs. iOS.

